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INSPECTION AT THE MOSCOW AUTO PLANT IMENI STALLS

Minister of Automobile and Tractor Industry USSR Ye. M. Levenson Moscow Auto Plant imeni Stalin

While the majority of enterprises producing machinery have sufficiently skilled technical personnel and a great deal of practical experience in planning and introducing technology in production, the technical control situation is often very poor.

Technologists are frequently inclined to consider technical inspection completely foreign to their field. Not having sufficient training in this subject, they sometimes attempt to transfer to the apparatus of the technical inspection section everything connected with inspection, artificially and incorrectly separating it completely from the technological process.

The experience of the foremost plants of the automobile and tractor industry, particularly that of the Moscow Automobile Flant imeni Stalin, gives a clear model on which to base the planning of technical inspection.

Planning the Technology of Inspection

A characteristic example of the way in which inspection should be carried out is given in the case of the cylinder block of the ZIS-120 engine. There are 97 operations in the production line. This, and large accumulations of product between operations, as well as the high cost of the part, make necessary the inclusion of a large number of intermediate inspection points in the technological process. In this case there are ten such points.

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An inspection is made:

a. After the first 12 operations (grinding the base surface, boring and reaming the check bores, and milling operations), that is, before delivery of the block to the first automatic line;

b. After the 29th operation, that is, after the first and second automatic lines (boring the longitudinal oil canal, reaming, counterboring, cutting the threads in all the holes in the ends of the block and on the upper surface of the block);

c. After the 31st operation (testing the longitudinal oil canal under pressure) and before delivering the block to the third enterestic line:

automatic line;
d. After the 44th operation (boring the cylinders) and before

delivering the block to the fourth automatic line;
e. After the 59th operation (final accurate grinding of the cylinders);

f. After the 65th operation (testing the water jacket in a special hydraulic press);

g. After the 81st operation, that is after the final reaming of the bearings under the camehaft and accurate grinding of the main bearings;

h. After the 84th operation, that is, before adjusting and grinding the valves;

1. After the 92d operation, that is, after grinding the valves.

In each of the aforementioned operations of intermediate inspection, not only the dimensions between operations, but also the final dimensions are checked.

The last operation is to inspect the exterior, check the dimensions of the holes in the clutch housing, and the play of the cylindrical surface of the clutch housing relative to the axis of the main bearings. All the other dimensions and technical specifications of the plan for the cylinder block, which are checked with the aid of several dozen checking attachments and hundreds of gauges, have already been checked by the time the cylinder block is delivered for final inspection.

It is very important to fill in the flow sheets of intermediate and final inspection operations carefully and accurately.

Here is a simplified flow sheet of the machining and inspection of a spur gear.

Flow Sheet of the Machining and Inspection of a Spur Gear

24

All dimensions are apparently in millimeters

No of Operation	Name of Operation	Measuring Instrument	
1	Reaming bore to diameter of 47	Slide gauge (Shtangen)	
2	Breaching bore to diameter of 47.755-47.750	Plug gauge 47.775-47.750	
3	Broaching keyway to dimensions 10.075-10.020 X 52.49-52.39	Plates: 10.075-10.020 1M-1599; 52.49-52.39 1M-1832	

- 2 -

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(Continued)

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of eration	Name of Operation	Measuring <u>Instrument</u>
Į,	Machining by latha	Clip (Skoby)
•	Machining by lathe	30.2-30
		1M-1840;
		55.5-55.4
		1M-3410;
		178.35-178.09
		1M-1833;
		45.4-45.3
医基本 1.1		1 N-1 613
5	Removal of bevel edge	
6	Grinding outer face of rim to	Clip (Skoby)
0		
	30-29.72 (hold dimension to	30-29.72
	55.3-55.2 and play of face to	1M-183 ¹ ;
	0.1 or 1988)	55.3-55.2
		1M-1837;
		Mandrel gauge 11-275
7	Washing	
	aganting	
Inspec-	Intermediate imapestion	
tion	(Checking 100%)	
	a. External inspection	Settleton Contract to the
	b. Bore, 47.775-47.750	1M-1824
	Pomes 10.075-10.000 ▼ 50 h0-59 30	
	c. Keyway, 10.075-10.020 X 52.49-52.39	1M-1832
	d. External diameter of rim, 178.35-178.09	1м-1833
	e. Fistance between faces of hub, 45.4-45.3	1M-1613
	f. Distance between faces of crown (venets), 30-39.72	1M-1834
	g. Distance between outside faces of hub and rim, 55.3-55.2	1M-1837
	h. Rlay (biyoniye) of faces of	11-275
	hub to 0.1 1. Play of faces of rim to 0.1	11-275
	·	
	Stamping acceptable parts	
8.	Milling (preliminary) of teeth z = 41	
9.	Turning sharp edges of teeth	
10.	Trimming projecting edges	
11.	Cutting (final) of teeth z = 41, allowance for shaving of at least 0.03 and no more than 0.23 from maximum dimension with respect to center-to-center distance from cali- brating gear, with a play of up to 0. with respect to pitch line and of up	Checking device 10.318; Calibrating gear 11-279
	brating gear, with a play of up to 0.	1

- 3 -

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(Continued)

17

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lo of		Moasuring
peration	Mame of Operation	Instrument
12	Washing	
Inspec-	Intermediate inspection	
tion	Checking (of samples):	
	a. External inspection	10-318
	b. Allowance for shaving of at least 0.08 and no more than 0.23 from	11-279
	maximum dimension with respect to	+=
	center-to center distance from	
	calibrating gear, with a play of up	
	to 0.1 with respect to pitch line	
	and of up to 0.05 with respect to	
	profile.	
13	Gauging bors (according to degree of necessity	")
-5.	construct and a factor attis to desire of mecession	
1 1	Shaving teeth z = 41	Checking attach-
		ment 10-318
* 4	When meshing without clearance with	Calibrating gear
	calibrating gear which has thickness	11-279
in the weigh	of tooth equal to 5.89 along curve of pitch cylinder in rated section (normal'noye	
	secheniye), distance between centers must	to 1995 on a transfer of
	be 0.09-0.17 less than nominal, and amst	
	not wary more than 0.05 within one gear or	
•	more than 0.025 per tooth in turning.	
15	Wushing	
Inspec-	Intermediate inspection	4.
tion	Checking:	•
	a. External inspection (100%)	1U-318
	b. Meshing (100%)	1 I- 279
•	When meshing without clearance with a cali- brating gear which has thickness of tooth	
	equal to 5.89 along curve of pitch cylinder	
	in rated section, distance between centers	
	must be 0.09-0.17 less than nominal, and	
	must not vary more than 0.05 within one gear	
	or more than 0.025 per tooth in turning.	1M 1500
	c. Keywey, 10.075-10.020 X 52.49-52.39	1M-1599 1M-1832
	(sample method) d. Moise and contact in meshing with	Speeder ST-1072
	calibrating gear (100%)	1I-280
	Stamping serviceable parts (100%)	11-281
16.	Heat-treatment	
- 18	Polishing teeth z = 41	Clip
	a. Grinding outer face of hub; hold	55.15-55
	dimension to 55.15-55 and play of	1M-3494;
	face to 0.05	Mandrel gauge 11-276
*	b. Grinling bore to 48.027-48;	Plug gauge
	hold play of pitch circle to 0.12	48.027-48
	or less,	1M-1835;
		checking device
		10-318;
		Calibrating goar
		11-279

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(Continued)

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Vo of Operation	Name of Operation	Measuring Instrument
19	Grinding internal face of the hub. Hold dimension to 45-44.83 and play of hub to 0.05 or less.	Plug gauge 45-44.83 1M-1836 Mendrel 11-276
20	Grinling teeth z = 41	
51	Washing	
55	Dressing teeth	
Inspec- tion	Flying inspection for operations 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 11, 14, 18, and 19.	
Inspection (23)	Final inspection Checking:	
	a. External inspection, 100% b. Bore, diameter 48.027-48. 100% c. Esyway, 10.075-10.020 X 52.63-52.50,	1M-1835 1M-1599
	100% d. Distance between faces of hub and rim, 55.15-54.85 (by sample method)	1M-1839 1M-1841
	e. Distance between faces, 45-44.83,	1 m-1 835
	f. Play of faces of hub to 0.05 (by sample method)	1.X-276 1U- 318
	g. Meshing, 100%	11-279

When meshing without clearance with calibrating gear which has thickness of tooth equal to 5.89 along curve of pitch oylinder in rated section, distance between centers must be 0.05-0.21 less than nominal for all gears and must not very more than 0.12 within one gear. Variation of distance between centers when gear turns must not be more than 0.04.

h. For noise and contact in meshing with Speeder ST-1072 calibrating gear (sample method) 11-281 11-282

The design of the cylinder block of the ZIS-120 requires that the axes of the cylinders be within 0.05 millimeters perpendicular to the axis of the main bearings along the length of the cylinders. The cylinders are bored on the 43d operation, while the main bearings are machined on the 79th. Consequently, whether these axes are perpendicular to each other cannot be checked until after the 79th operation.

If the 43d operation does not make the cylinder exes perpendicular to a base plane common to both operations, then all the processing between the 43d and 79th operations will have been done to no purpose and because of the large accumulations of product between operations large quantities of the part will be rejected. This will mean very large losses of material.

- 5 -

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Therefore, it is necessary to check (by the sample method) after the 43d operation to see that the axes of the cylinders are perpendicular to the base plane of the block. For this purpose a special device is used after the 44th operation.

An independent stationary checking device for the afortaentioned between-operation checking after the 43d operation would be cumbersome, complicated, and very expensive. Before the war the Moscov Automobile Plant ineni Stalin had such a device for the block of the ZIS-5. In planning the equipment for the cylinder block of the ZIS-120, checking the block in intermediate inspection was improved and simplified: the same checking device was used in the 43d operation as in the 79th.

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- 6 -

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